2 2 6 MAY 1988 3 UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 9 7 In the Matter of : 8 SPUR FEEDING COMPANY, Order No. 88-16 SPUR INDUSTRIES, INC. AND 9 J.R. NORTON COMPANY 10 Respondents 11 PROCEEDING UNDER SECTION 106 OF THE COMPREHENSIVE ENVIRONMENTAL RESPONSE 12 COMPENSATION AND LIABILITY ACT (CERCLA) OF 1980, AS AMENDED BY THE SUPERFUND 13 AMENDMENTS AND REAUTHORIZATION ACT OF 1986, (42 U.S.C. §9606) 14 15 I. JURISDICTION 16 This Order is issued to SPUR FEEDING COMPANY, SPUR 17 INDUSTRIES, INC. and J.R. NORTON COMPANY ("Respondents") pursuant 18 to Section 106 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, 19 Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, as amended by the 20 Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 ("CERCLA"), 21 by authority delegated to the undersigned by the Administrator of 22 the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA"). EPA 23 has provided notice of the issuance of this Order to the Gila 24 River Indian Community and the State of Arizona. 25 The Director of the Toxics and Waste Management Division, 26 EPA Region 9, has determined that there may be an imminent and 27 substantial endangerment to the public health, welfare and the

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- environment because of the release and threatened release of
- 2 hazardous substances from the area on which Respondents conducted
- 3 their business operations (the "facility")....
- 4 This Order directs the Respondents to undertake certain
- 5 actions to protect public mealth and the environment from this
- 6 endangerment.

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II. FINDINGS OF FACT

- 8 A. Background
- 9 1. The Spur Industries facility is an area on which
- 10 Respondents operated a cattle feed lot. Spur Feeding Company and
- 11 Spur Industries, Inc. have been lessees at the facility and EPA
- 12 alleges, on information and belief, that J. R. Norton Company
- 13 owns Spur Industries, Inc. The facility is approximately 300
- 14 acres and is located north of Highway 87 on the Gila River Indian
- 15 Reservation, Sacaton, Pinal County, Arizona.
- 2. Structures located on the facility include: a
- 17 warehouse, one horizontal and four vertical above-ground storage
- 18 tanks, three below-ground storage tanks, a concrete cattle dip
- 19 trough, two sheds, and cattle corral areas (including an area
- 20 where drugs were administered to cattle).
- 21 3. The four vertical, above-ground storage tanks contain
- 22 non-viscous brown liquids. The horizontal, above-ground storage
- 23 tank contains an unidentified viscous brown liquid. There is
- 24 evidence that the tanks are leaking into an unlined sump, located
- 25 nearby. Based on field tests, the three underground storage
- 26 tanks and the four vertical tanks are fuel tanks.
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- 1 4. The concrete cattle dip trough contains clear liquid
 - 2 with a green suspension. Chemical tests indicate that the liquid
 - 3 is possibly contaminated with pesticides.
 - 4 5. Pesticide containers and pesticide spill areas are
 - 5 present in two open shed areas. Pesticides found in these areas
 - 6 include: three containers of Endrin Emulsifiable Concentrated
 - Poison, three glass bottles of CO-RAL Coumaphos ("Coumaphos"),
 - 8 three paper bags of Coumaphos, and a large broken bag containing
 - 9 a pesticide. These pesticides were identified both through the
- 10 labels which appeared on the containers, bottles, or bags, and
- 11 through the use of the EPA pesticide test.
- 12 6. Present in the area where drugs were administered to
- 13 cattle were a broken bottle labeled as the pesticide Ronnell
- 14 (also known as "Korlan"), numerous uncontained drug syringes,
- 15 small bottles of unidentified liquids, and several soil areas on
- 16 which pesticides have been spilled. ETA determined the presence
- 17 of the pesticides in this area by the pesticide label present and
- 18 the use of the EPA pesticide test.
- 7. Pesticide odors were detected by EPA inspectors inside
- 20 the warehouse building and outside a railroad box car located
- 21 near the warehouse.
- 22 B. Endangerment
- Population at Risk: The facility, located near a major
- 24 Arizona highway and unfenced, is readily accessible to the
- 25 public. Vehicle access is not restricted. While inspecting the
- 26 facility, EPA personnel observed several automobiles entering the
- 27 facility from Highway 87. Evidence of vandalism at the facility

- 1 indicates that it is an attractive nuisance. Anyone entering the
- 2 facility risks exposure to hazardous substances. The presence of
- 3 the unsecured and spilled hazardous substances creates an
- 4 imminent and substantial endangerment especially to children, who
- 5 may not recognize the risk. This endangerment is posed to
- 6 individuals by dermal contact with, or inhalation or accidental
- 7 ingestion of the spilled pesticides and the contaminated water in
- 8 the concrete cattle dip trough, and is of immediate concern.
- 9 2. Substances which present an endangerment include:
- 10 Endrin, Coumaphos and Ronnell, all of which are hazardous
- 11 substances.
- 12 a. Endrin: Endrin is a poisonous and acidic liquid which
- 13 has been used as an insecticide. Studies show Endrin is highly
- 14 toxic by ingestion, inhalation or skin absorption. Ingestion of
- 15 Endrin causes frothing of the mouth, congestion, convulsion,
- 16 violent muscular contractions, dizziness, weakness, aggressive
- 17 confusion, lethargy, increase in blood pressure and body
- 18 temperature, and nausea. Inhalation of Endrin causes nose and
- 19 throat irritation. Endrin is rapidly absorbed by the skin and
- 20 causes skin irritation. Prolonged breathing or skin contact may
- 21 cause the same toxic symptoms as ingestion. Mere contact with a
- 22 liquid containing Endrin causes eye and skin irritation. Endrin
- 23 is highly teratogenic, carcinogenic and mutagenic through either
- 24 inhalation or dermal expasure. Endrin is known to have caused
- 25 numerous deaths by poisoning. Further, Endrin is a highly toxic
- 26 substance in the environment which is particularly harmful to
- 27 birds.

- b. <u>Coumaphos</u>: Coumaphos is a highly poisonous substance
- 2 through intraperitoneal, dermal, ocular, and other routes. If
- 3 ingested, the risk of death is extremely high. CO-RAL also emits
- 4 toxic fumes of sulfur oxides, phosphorus oxides and chlorine anion.
- 5 c. Ronnell: Ronnell is acutely toxic and poisonous through
- 6 intraperitoneal, dermal and other unspecified routes. Ronnell is
- 7 a cholinesterase inhibitor and an experimental teratogen. When
- 8 heated to decomposition it emits highly toxic fumes of sulfur
- 9 oxides, phosphorus oxides and chlorine anion.
- 10 3. To minimize the potential for accidental human exposure
- 11 to these hazardous substances, EPA gathered certain containers of
- 12 the pesticides and placed them temporarily in a locked building
- 13 on the facility.

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III. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- Spur Feeding Company, Spur Industries, Inc. and J.R.
- 16 Norton Company, and each of them, are "persons" as defined in
- 17 Section 101(21) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9601(21).
- 18 2. The Spur Industries facility is a "facility" as defined
- 19 in Section 101(9) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9601(9).
- 20 3. Endrin, Coumaphos and Ronnell are "hazardous substances"
- 21 as defined in Section 101(14) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9601(14).
- 22 4. The presence of the uncontrolled hazardous substances,
- 23 as defined in 40 CFR §302.4, at the facility constitutes a
- 24 "release" or "threatened release" of hazardous substances into
- 25 the environment as provided in Section 106 and as defined in
- 26 Section 101(22) of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. \$9601(22).
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- . 1 5. The spillage of hazardous substances onto and into the
 - 2 soil at the facility constitutes disposal of hazardous substances
 - 3 as provided in Section 107(a)(2), 42 U.S.C. §9607(a)(2).
 - Respondents Spur Feeding Company and Spur Industries,
 - 5 Inc., and J. R. Norton Company, and each of them, operated the
 - 6 facility at the time hazardous substances were disposed of there
 - 7 and thus are "responsible parties" pursuant to Section 107(a)(2)
- 8 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. § 9607(a)(2).
- Respondents are jointly and severally liable for
- 10 conducting the actions provided for in this Order.
- 11 IV. <u>DETERMINATIONS</u>
- 12 Based on the Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, the
- 13 Director, Toxics and Waste Management Division, EPA Region 9, has
- 14 made the following determinations.
- 1. The release or threatened release of a hazardous
- 16 substance from the facility may present an imminent and
- 17 substantial endangerment to the public health, welfare and the
- 18 environment.
- 19 2. In order to prevent or mitigate immediate and
- 20 significant risk of harm to human health and the environment, an
- 21 immediate removal action must be undertaken to contain and
- 22 prevent the release and potential release of hazardous substances
- 23 from the facility.
- 3. The response measures required by this Order are
- 25 consistent with the National Contingency Plan, 40 Code of Federal
- 26 Regulations, Part 300, and are necessary to protect human health
- 27 and the environment.

V. ORDER

2 Based upon the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and

- 3 Determinations, Respondents hereby are ordered to implement the
- 4 following measures under the direction of an EPA On-Scene
- 5 Coordinator ("OSC").

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- 6 1. Within seven (7) days of the effective date of this
- 7 Order, Respondents shall confirm to EPA that a secure fence with
- 8 a locking gate surrounds the facility, and restricts the access
- 9 of any unauthorized person. This gate shall remain locked except
- 10 during moments of entry of authorized persons. EPA shall be
- 11 provided a key to the lock. Respondents shall post danger signs
- 12 in English and Spanish at the entrance and other visible areas of
- 13 the facility, clearly reading, "Danger: Hazardous Substances -
- 14 Unauthorized Persons Keep Out."
- 2. Within ten (10) calendar days of the effective date of
- 16 this Order, Respondents shall submit to EPA a plan for the
- 17 removal action specified in paragraph 3, below. Respondents
- 18 shall include in this plan a description of the safety procedures
- 19 and technical methods to be used in implementing the removal
- 20 action.
- 21 3. Within ten (10) calendar days following EPA approval of
- 22 the plan for the removal action, Respondents shall:
- a. Remove all bottles, drums, bags, packages and
- 24 containers of any description in which hazardous substances are
- 25 located:

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- 26 b. Remove and clean up all areas in which hazardous
- 27 substances have spilled or released; and

Properly treat or dispose of all hazardous substances, 1 2 including any soil or container contaminated with hazardous 3 substances. Within twenty (20) days of the completion of the 4. 5 removal actions listed above, Respondents shall: Take post-cleanup soil samples, liquid and sludge 6 samples of the concrete cattle dip trough and the sump, and 7 liquid samples of the above-ground and under-ground storage tanks and submit sampling results to EPA; 10 If the lab results obtained pursuant to 4(a) above confirm the existence of any residue of any hazardous substances, 11 12 Respondents shall submit a proposal for the characterization of 13 the nature and extent of any and all hazardous substance contamination remaining at the facility after the removal action. 14 15 In this proposal, Respondents shall include a schedule for the 16 implementation of the site characterization activities; and If the lab results obtained pursuant to 4(a) above 17 confirm the existence of any hazardous substances in the concrete 18 19 cattle dip trough or/and the tanks, Respondents shall remove the 20 contaminated contents and properly treat or dispose of all 21 hazardous substances including the contaminated sludges. 22 5. Within seven (7) calendar days following EPA approval of 23 the site characterization proposal, referenced in 4(b) above,

submit all results to EPA within thirty (30) days of EPA approval

Respondents shall commence the characterization activities in

accordance with the approved proposal and time schedule, and

of the site characterization proposal.

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1	6. With the exception of fencing and posting the site, no
2	response action may be undertaken without the prior approval of
3	the EPA OSC.
4	VI. COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAWS
5	Respondents shall comply with all federal, tribal, state,
6	and local laws and regulations in carrying out the terms of this
7	Order. All hazardous substances removed from the facility must
8	be handled in accordance with the Resource Conservation and
9	Recovery Act of 1976, 42 U.S.C. § 6921, et seq., the regulations
10	promulgated under that Act and EPA's Offsite Disposal Policy.
11	VII. ON-SCENE COORDINATOR
12	EPA has appointed an OSC for the facility who has the
13	authority provided by 40 C.F.R. Part 300, et seq. The OSC for
14	the purposes of this Order is:
15	Dan Shane United States Environmental Protection Agency
16	Region 9 215 Fremont Street
17	San Francisco, California 94105 (415) 974-8361
18	VIII. <u>SUBMITTALS</u>
19	All submittals and notifications to EPA provided
20	pursuant to this Order shall be made to:
21	Jeff Zelikson Director, Toxics and Waste Management Division
22	United States Environmental Protection Agency 215 Fremont Street
23	San Francisco, California 94105 The Director, Toxics Waste and Management Division, or his
24	designee, shall communicate all EPA approvals and decisions
25	formatters covered by this Order.
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1 IX. ACCESS Respondents shall provide EPA employees and other EPA 3 representatives with complete access to the facility at all times. Nothing in this Order limits any access rights that EPA 5 or other agencies may have pursuant to law. X. ENDANGERMENT DURING IMPLEMENTATION 7 The Director, Toxics and Waste Management Division, EPA 8 Region 9, or the OSC may determine that acts or circumstances 9 (whether related to or unrelated to this Order) may endanger 10 human health or welfare or the environment and may order the 11 Respondents to stop further implementation of this Order until 12 the endangerment is abated. 13 XI. GOVERNMENT NOT LIABLE 14 The United States Government and its employees and other 15 representatives shall not be liable for any injuries or damages to persons or property resulting from the acts or omissions of 16 17 Respondents, their employees or other representatives caused by 18 carrying out this Order. For the purposes of this Order, the United States Government is not a party to any contract with the 19 20 Respondents. 21 XII. NONCOMPLIANCE 22 A willful violation or failure or refusal to comply 23 with this Order may subject Respondents to a civil penalty of up to \$25,000 per day in which the violation occurs or failure to 24 25 comply continues, pursuant to the provisions of Section 106(b)(1) 26 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. §9606(b)(1). Failure to comply with this Order without sufficient cause may also subject Respondents to

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punitive damages of up to three times the total costs incurred by 1 the United States for site response pursuant to Section 107(c)(3) 2 3 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. 9607(c)(3). EPA may take over the removal action at any time if EPA 5 determines that Respondents are not taking appropriate action. 6 EPA may order additional actions it deems necessary to protect public health or welfare or the environment. 7 XIII. OPPORTUNITY TO CONFER 9 Respondents may request a conference with the Director, 10 Toxics and Waste Management Division, EPA Region 9, or his staff to discuss the provisions of this Order. At any conference held 11 pursuant to Respondents request, Respondents may appear in person 12 or by counsel or other representatives for the purpose of 13 14 presenting any objections, defenses or contentions which 15 Respondents may have regarding this Order. If Respondents desire 16 such a conference, Respondents must make a request orally within 24 hours of receipt of this Order, and confirm the request in 17 18 writing immediately. In the event Respondents request a 19 conference, such conference will not delay or alter the effective 20 date of this Order. 21 XIV. PARTIES BOUND This Order shall apply to and is binding upon the 22 23 Respondents, their officers, directors, agents, employees,

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contractors, successors, and assigns.

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2	Immediately upon receipt of this Order, Respondents shall
3	orally inform one of the contact persons listed below of their
4	intent to comply with the terms of this Order. The oral notice
5	shall be confirmed within two (2) days by written notice to the
6	Director. Failure to timely notify EPA of the Respondents'
7	intent to comply will be construed by EPA as a refusal to comply.
8	XVI. NOTICE TO INDIAN COMMUNITY AND STATE
9	Notice of the issuance of this Order has been provided to
10	the Gila River Indian Community and the State of Arizona. EPA
11	intends to consult with these entities as appropriate.
12	XVII. EFFECTIVE DATE
13	Notwithstanding any conferences requested pursuant to the
14	provisions of this Order, this Order is effective on the date of
15	execution by the Director, Toxics and Waste Management Division,
16	EPA Region 9.
17	IT IS SO ORDERED on this 26 day of May, 1988.
18	UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
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20	by: An Zelih
21	/Jeft Zelikson Director, Toxics and Waste Management Division
22	EPA, Region 9
23	Contacts: Dan Shane
	On-Scene Coordinator
24	Field Operations Branch, T-4-9 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
25	215 Fremont Street
26	San Francisco, CA 94105 (415) 974-8361
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Vance S. Fong
Remedial Project Manager
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